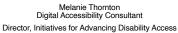
Basics of PDF Accessibility









1

Handouts

exploreaccess.org/handouts/



Partners



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Alternative Ways of Navigating

- Screen readers: Voiceover, JAWS/Fusion, NVDA
- Magnification Software
- Braille display
- Voice recognition software
- Keyboard only navigation
- Other mouse alternatives







Why PDF?

- PDF stands for Portable Document Format
- Often used to maintain specific look of a document
- An advantage is that it will open across several devices and platforms
- A disadvantage is that if not designed with access in mind, the document can be completely inaccessible to screen reader users



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What Makes a PDF Accessible? (1)

- PDFs must meet the same accessibility standards as other documents:
 - · Good contrast
 - · Clear, readable fonts of at least 12-
 - Proper heading structure
 - Meaningful link text
 - · Alt text for images.
 - Well-structured tables







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What Makes a PDF Accessible? (2)

- Tagging layer:
 Screen readers rely on the tag layer to interpret the document's structure and content.
 - Ensuring PDFs are generated correctly from the source will help ensure they are tagged.



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Common Barriers: PDF

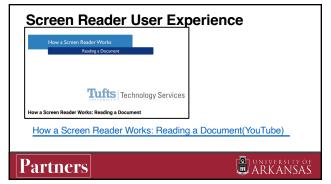
- No tags
- Images missing alt text
- Missing heading structure
- · Incorrect reading order
- Some content missing tags
- Improperly tagged tables
- Scanned PDFs that are an image of text
- PDF forms without correct labeling







-



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Creating an Accessible PDF from Source Document – Microsoft Applications • Microsoft Word and PowerPoint • Follow best practices for accessibility in creating the original document • Be sure to Save as PDF rather than Print to PDF. • On a Mac, select the radio button that is labeled "Best for electronic distribution and accessibility"

Creating an Accessible PDF from Source Document – Other Applications

- Adobe InDesign can also be used to create an accessible PDF.
- Google Docs: File downloaded as a PDF is accessible
- Google Slides: Exports are untagged and therefore inaccessible.
- \bullet Other applications: Exporting to PDF will have mixed results.





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Accessible Source Document: MS Word





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Using Headings to Provide Structure

- Headings provide structure to your document.
- Using normal text and applying styles such as larger size, different color, or bolder text does not create a true heading.
- Don't use headings when you don't need a true heading.

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How to Add Headings

- Highlight the text
- Click on the appropriate heading
- Or use keyboard shortcuts
- PC: Control+Alt+1 • Mac: Command+Option+1







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Modify Headings

- Modify a heading by:Right clicking on the heading in the styles group and choosing modify OR
- Change the heading in your document and choosing Update Heading to Match Selection







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Alternative Text:

a text description of an image

(or other non-text content)

Also called:

alt text, image description





Why Use Alt Text

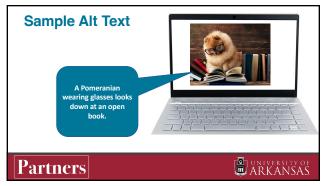
- Without alt text, a screen reader user will not know what an image is.
- Images often convey important information.
- The screen reader will just say "graphic"



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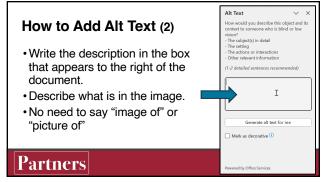
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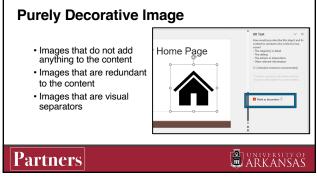
How to Add Alt Text (1)

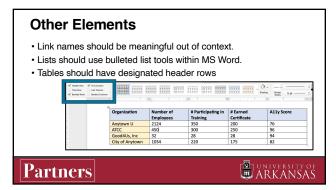
- Right click on the image
- Choose View Alt Text



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Using the Accessibility Checker (1) • Select Review Ribbon

- Select Accessibility Checker



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Using the Accessibility Checker (2)

- Panel opens to the right
- · Identifies accessibility issues



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Save as PDF

- Always "Save As" PDF instead of Printing to PDF
 - Newer versions: Save a Copy and then choose PDF from dropdown menu
- If using a Mac, also choose "Best for electronic distribution and accessibility"

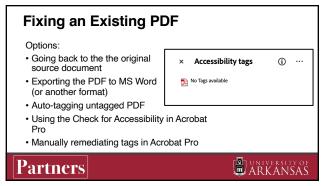


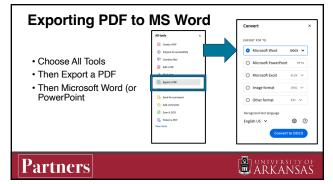




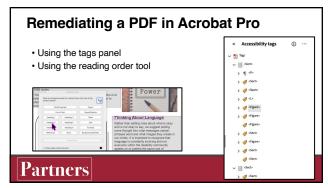


Free Accessibility Checkers • PDF Accessibility Checker (Windows) • AxesCheck **Partners** WARKANSAS. 28 Demo: **Checking Existing PDFs** WARKANSAS. **Partners** 29 **Fixing Inaccessible PDFs** ARKANSAS. **Partners**











Other PDF Accessibility Remediation Tools AccessibilityNow Remediate (Crawford Technologies) CommonLook PDF (Allyant) Equidox PDF Accessibility Software Grackle PDF PDFix PREP Document Remediation Software (Continual Engine)

Resources

- Adobe: PDF accessibility
- Deque: 8 Step PDF Accessibility Checklist
- Deque: Quick Reference Guide: Basic PDF Accessibility (PDF)
- Harvard: PDF Accessibility
- University of Arizona: PDF Accessibility
- University of Colorado Boulder: Understanding PDF Accessibility
- University of Washington: Checking PDFs for Accessibility
- WebAIM: PDF Accessibility
- W3C; PDF Techniques





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A Partnership between U of A Partners and iCAN

 iCAN (Increasing Capabilities Access Network) is the Arkansas statewide Assistive Technology program designed to make technology available and accessible for everyone who needs it.



 Partners collaborates to promote disability access through training, technical assistance, resource development and dissemination, and research.





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Upcoming Webinars

- December 4th:
 The Basics of PDF Accessibility
- January 15th:
 Universal Design and Instruction
- Dates to be determined:
 - Accessible Tables and Excel Worksheets
 - Accessibility with Canva
- Creating an Accessible Campus
 Visit: uofapartners.uark.edu/news-events





ArkAHEAD Fall Virtual Workshop

Navigating Title II Digital Access Regs in Higher Education

Presented by Korey Singleton

- November 13, 2025
- 9:30 AM to 12:00 Noon Central
- Registration:
 - \$40 Individual
 - \$75 Institutional
- Register at arkahead.org







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